

Eleventh. For every official document, registers excepted, required by any merchant, owner, or master of any vessel not elsewhere enumerated, and for which fees are not prohibited by section 331 of Title 46, Shipping, 20 cents. (R. S. § 2654; Aug. 24, 1912, c. 355, § 1, 37 Stat. 434.)

R. S. § 2654 from Act Mar. 2, 1799, c. 23, § 2, 1 Stat. 706; Act June 17, 1864, c. 130, § 3, 13 Stat. 134.

§ 59. **Posting table of fees.** Every collector, comptroller, and surveyor shall cause to be affixed, and constantly kept in some public and conspicuous place of his office, a fair table of the rates of fees and duties demandable by law, and shall give a receipt for the fees received by him, specifying the particulars whenever required so to do; and for every failure so to do, he shall be liable to a penalty of \$100, recoverable to the use of the informer. (R. S. § 2635; June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 523, 46 Stat. 740.)

R. S. § 2635 from Act Mar. 2, 1799, c. 22, § 73, 1 Stat. 680.

See section 5a of this title.

§ 60. **Penalty for extortion.** Every officer of the customs who demands or receives any other or greater fee, compensation, or reward than is allowed by law, for performing any duty or service required from him by law, shall be liable to a penalty of \$200 for each offense, recoverable to the use of the party aggrieved. (R. S. § 2636.)

From Act Mar. 2, 1799, c. 22, § 73, 1 Stat. 680.

§ 61. **Inspectors on routes by which goods withdrawn from bonded warehouse may be exported to Mexico; reports.** Inspectors of the customs residing at San Antonio, Eagle Pass, the Presidio del Norte, and San Elizario, or at such other points as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, upon the routes by which goods entered and bonded and withdrawn from warehouse may, in pursuance of law, be exported to Mexico, shall make a report semiannually to the Secretary of the Treasury of all the trade that passes under inspection, stating the number of packages, description of goods, their value, and the names of the exporters. (R. S. § 2580.)

From Act Aug. 30, 1852, c. 96, § 3, 10 Stat. 38.

§ 62. **Suspension for neglect or delinquency of officers or employees.** The several collectors, comptrollers, surveyors, and appraisers shall have power, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, as punishment for any neglect or minor delinquency the punishment whereof is not prescribed by law, to suspend from duty with loss of pay for a period not to exceed thirty days for any one cause, any customs officer or employee nominated or appointed and subordinate to such collector, comptroller, surveyor, or appraiser: *Provided, however,* That the Secretary of the Treasury may, on application by the suspended person within one year from the expiration of the suspension, in his discretion pay the whole or any part of the pay forfeited by reason of said suspension. (Dec. 18, 1890, c. 22, 26 Stat. 690; June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 523, 46 Stat. 740.)

See section 5a of this title.

§ 63. **Leave of absence; regulations.** All officers and employees of the customs service of the Government who receive a per diem compensation shall be entitled to receive the same leave of absence as is provided for clerks and employees in the several executive departments at Washington, District of Columbia, by section 30 of Title 5. The Secretary of the Treasury shall make all rules and regulations necessary to carry the provisions of this section into effect. (Aug. 28, 1890, c. 812, §§ 1, 2, 26 Stat. 362.)

§ 64. **Laws imposing fines applicable to persons acting under customs laws.** All Acts and parts of Acts imposing fines, penalties, or other punishment for offenses committed by an internal revenue officer or other officer of the Department of the Treasury of the United States, or under any bureau thereof, shall apply to all persons whomsoever, employed, appointed, or acting under the authority of any customs law, or any revenue provision of any law of the United States, when such persons are designated or acting as officers

or deputies, or persons having the custody or disposition of any public money. (Feb. 8, 1875, c. 36, § 23, 18 Stat. 312.)

§ 66. **Rules and forms prescribed by Secretary.** The Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe forms of entries, oaths, bonds, and other papers, and rules and regulations not inconsistent with law, to be used in carrying out the provisions of law relating to raising revenue from imports, or to duties on imports, or to warehousing, and shall give such directions to collectors and prescribe such rules and forms to be observed by them as may be necessary for the proper execution of the law. (R. S. § 251.)

From Act Feb. 10, 1820, c. 11, §§ 14, 15, 3 Stat. 543; Act Aug. 6, 1840, c. 84, § 5, 9 Stat. 55; Act May 14, 1856, Res. 9, 11 Stat. 144; Act June 30, 1864, c. 172, § 8, 13 Stat. 221; Act July 14, 1870, c. 255, § 34, 16 Stat. 271.

§ 67. **Annual report to Congress affecting custom-houses.** The Secretary of the Treasury shall lay before Congress at the commencement of each regular session a statement of the amount of money expended at each customhouse during the preceding fiscal year, and of the number of persons employed, and the occupation and salary of each person at each customhouse during the same period. (R. S. § 258.)

From Act Mar. 3, 1849, c. 110, § 6, 9 Stat. 399.

§ 68. **Enforcement of customs and immigration laws along Canadian and Mexican border; cooperation by Secretaries of Treasury and Labor; erection and maintenance of quarters.** To provide better facilities for the enforcement of the customs and immigration laws along the Canadian and Mexican borders at points where no Federal buildings are available or buildings adapted or suitably located for the purpose are available for rental, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Labor are hereby authorized to expend from the funds appropriated for the general maintenance and operation of the Customs and Immigration Services, respectively, the necessary amounts for the acquisition of land and the erection of buildings, sheds, and office quarters, including living quarters for officers where none are otherwise available: *Provided,* That the total amount which may be expended for any one project, for the use of one department, including the cost of the site, shall not exceed \$3,000, and that where quarters are erected or facilities provided for the joint use of the Customs and Immigration Services the combined cost charged to the two appropriations concerned shall not exceed \$6,000 for any one project, including the site. (June 26, 1930, c. 617, 46 Stat. 817.)

The Bureaus of Immigration and Naturalization were consolidated as an Immigration and Naturalization Service by Executive Order June 10, 1933, 6166, § 14, set out in the note to section 132 of Title 5.

Chapter 1A.—FOREIGN TRADE ZONES

Sec.

81a. Definitions.

81b. Authorization of the establishment of zones; number; preference as between corporations.

81c. Admission of foreign merchandise; treatment; shipment to customs territory; appraisal; reshipment to zone.

81d. Customs officers and guards.

81e. Vessels entering or leaving zone; coastwise trade.

81f. Application for establishment of zone; expansion of zone.

81g. Granting of application.

81h. Rules and regulations.

81i. Cooperation of Board with other agencies.

81j. Cooperation of other agencies with Board.

81k. Agreements as to use of property.

81l. Facilities to be provided and maintained.

81m. Permission to others to use zone.

81n. Operation of zone as public utility; cost of customs service.

81o. Residents; rules as to entering and leaving; exclusion of goods; retail trade.

81p. Accounts; reports of grantee; reports of Board.

81q. Transfer of grant.

81r. Revocation of grant; grounds; proceedings; appeal to circuit court of appeals.

81s. Offenses.

81t. Separability of provisions.

81u. Right to alter, amend, or repeal chapter.

Section 81a. Definitions. When used in this chapter—

(a) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce;

(b) The term "Board" means the Board which is hereby established to carry out the provisions of this chapter. The Board shall consist of the Secretary of Commerce, who shall be chairman and executive officer of the Board, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War;

(c) The term "State" includes any State, the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico;

(d) The term "corporation" means a public corporation and a private corporation, as defined in this chapter;

(e) The term "public corporation" means a State, political subdivision thereof, a municipality, a public agency of a State, political subdivision thereof, or municipality, or a corporate municipal instrumentality of one or more States;

(f) The term "private corporation" means any corporation (other than a public corporation) which is organized for the purpose of establishing, operating, and maintaining a foreign-trade zone and which is chartered under special Act enacted after June 18, 1934, of the State or States within which it is to operate such zone;

(g) The term "applicant" means a corporation applying for the right to establish, operate, and maintain a foreign-trade zone;

(h) The term "grantee" means a corporation to which the privilege of establishing, operating, and maintaining a foreign-trade zone has been granted;

(i) The term "zone" means a "foreign-trade zone" as provided in this chapter. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 1, 48 Stat. 998.)

§ 81b. Authorization of the establishment of zones; number; preference as between corporations.

(a) The Board is hereby authorized, subject to the conditions and restrictions of this chapter and of the rules and regulations made thereunder, upon application as hereinafter provided, to grant to corporations the privilege of establishing, operating, and maintaining foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to ports of entry under the jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) Each port of entry shall be entitled to at least one zone, but when a port of entry is located within the confines of more than one State such port of entry shall be entitled to a zone in each of such States, and when two cities separated by water are embraced in one port of entry, a zone may be authorized in each of said cities or in territory adjacent thereto. Zones in addition to those to which a port of entry is entitled shall be authorized only if the Board finds that existing or authorized zones will not adequately serve the convenience of commerce.

(c) In granting applications preference shall be given to public corporations.

(d) In case of any State in which harbor facilities of any port of entry are owned and controlled by the State and in which State harbor facilities of any other port of entry are owned and controlled by a municipality, the Board shall not grant an application by any public corporation for the establishment of any zone in such State, unless such application has been authorized by an Act of the legislature of such State (enacted after June 18, 1934). (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 2, 48 Stat. 999.)

§ 81c. Admission of foreign merchandise; treatment; shipment to customs territory; appraisal; re-shipment to zone. Foreign and domestic merchandise of every description, except such as is prohibited by law, may, without being subject to the customs laws of the United States, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, be brought into a zone and may not be manufactured or exhibited in such zone but may be stored, broken up, repacked, assembled, distributed, sorted, graded, cleaned, mixed with foreign or domestic merchandise, or otherwise manipulated, and be exported, and foreign merchandise may be sent into customs territory of the United States therefrom, in the original package or otherwise; but when foreign merchandise is so sent from a zone into customs territory of the United States it shall be subject to the laws and regulations of the United States affecting imported merchandise: *Provided*, That when the privilege shall be requested the collector of customs shall

supervise the unloading of foreign merchandise in the zone, cause such merchandise or any portion thereof to be appraised and the duties liquidated thereon. Thereafter it may be stored or manipulated under the supervision and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and within two years after such unloading such merchandise, whether mixed with domestic merchandise or not, may be sent into customs territory upon the payment of such liquidated duties thereon; and if not so sent into customs territory within such period of two years such merchandise shall be disposed of under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury and out of the proceeds the duties shall be paid and the remainder, if any, shall be delivered to the owners of the property: *Provided further*, That, subject to such regulations respecting identity and the safeguarding of the revenue as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary, articles the growth, product, or manufacture of the United States, and articles previously imported on which duty has been paid, or which have been admitted free of duty, may be taken into a zone from the customs territory of the United States, and may be brought back thereto free of duty, whether or not they have been combined with or made part, while in such zone, of other articles: *Provided*, That if in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury their identity has not been lost such articles not entitled to free entry by reason of noncompliance with the requirements made hereunder by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be treated when they reenter the customs territory of the United States as foreign merchandise under the provisions of the tariff laws in force at that time. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 3, 48 Stat. 999.)

§ 81d. Customs officers and guards. The Secretary of the Treasury shall assign to the zone the necessary customs officers and guards to protect the revenue and to provide for the admission of foreign merchandise into customs territory. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 4, 48 Stat. 1000.)

§ 81e. Vessels entering or leaving zone; coastwise trade. Vessels entering or leaving a zone shall be subject to the operation of all the laws of the United States, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and vessels leaving a zone and arriving in customs territory of the United States shall be subject to such regulations to protect the revenue as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed in any manner so as to permit vessels under foreign flags to carry goods or merchandise shipped from one foreign trade zone to another zone or port in the protected coastwise trade of the United States. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 5, 48 Stat. 1000.)

§ 81f. Application for establishment of zone; expansion of zone. (a) Each application shall state in detail—

(1) The location and qualifications of the area in which it is proposed to establish a zone, showing (A) the land and water or land or water area or land area alone if the application is for its establishment in or adjacent to an interior port; (B) the means of segregation from customs territory; (C) the fitness of the area for a zone; and (D) the possibilities of expansion of the zone area;

(2) The facilities and appurtenances which it is proposed to provide and the preliminary plans and estimate of the cost thereof, and the existing facilities and appurtenances which it is proposed to utilize;

(3) The time within which the applicant proposes to commence and complete the construction of the zone and facilities and appurtenances;

(4) The methods proposed to finance the undertaking;

(5) Such other information as the Board may require.

(b) The Board may upon its own initiative or upon request permit the amendment of the application. Any expansion of the area of an established zone shall be made and approved in the same manner as an original application. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 6, 48 Stat. 1000.)

§ 81g. Granting of application. If the Board finds that the proposed plans and location are suitable for the accomplishment of the purpose of a foreign trade zone under this chapter, and that the facilities and appurtenances which it is proposed to provide are sufficient it shall make the grant. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 7, 48 Stat. 1000.)

§ 81h. Rules and regulations. The Board shall prescribe such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter or the rules and regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury made hereunder and as may be necessary to carry out this chapter. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 8, 48 Stat. 1000.)

§ 81i. Cooperation of Board with other agencies. The Board shall cooperate with the State, subdivision, and municipality in which the zone is located in the exercise of their police, sanitary, and other powers in and in connection with the free zone. It shall also cooperate with the United States Customs Service, the Post Office Department, the Public Health Service, the Bureau of Immigration, and such other Federal agencies as have jurisdiction in ports of entry described in section 81b of this chapter. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 9, 48 Stat. 1000.)

The Bureaus of Immigration and Naturalization were consolidated as an Immigration and Naturalization Service by Executive Order June 10, 1933, 6166, § 14, set out in the note to section 132 of Title 5.

§ 81j. Cooperation of other agencies with Board. For the purpose of facilitating the investigations of the Board and its work in the granting of the privilege, in the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a zone, the President may direct the executive departments and other establishments of the Government to cooperate with the Board, and for such purpose each of the several departments and establishments is authorized, upon direction of the President, to furnish to the Board such records, papers, and information in their possession as may be required by him, and temporarily to detail to the service of the Board such officers, experts, or engineers as may be necessary. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 10, 48 Stat. 1001.)

§ 81k. Agreements as to use of property. If the title to or right of user of any of the property to be included in a zone is in the United States, an agreement to use such property for zone purposes may be entered into between the grantee and the department or officer of the United States having control of the same, under such conditions, approved by the Board and such department or officer, as may be agreed upon. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 11, 48 Stat. 1001.)

§ 81l. Facilities to be provided and maintained. Each grantee shall provide and maintain in connection with the zone—

(a) Adequate slips, docks, wharves, warehouses, loading and unloading and mooring facilities where the zone is adjacent to water; or, in the case of an inland zone, adequate loading, unloading, and warehouse facilities;

(b) Adequate transportation connections with the surrounding territory and with all parts of the United States, so arranged as to permit of proper guarding and inspection for the protection of the revenue;

(c) Adequate facilities for coal or other fuel and for light and power;

(d) Adequate water and sewer mains;

(e) Adequate quarters and facilities for the officers and employees of the United States, State, and municipality whose duties may require their presence within the zone;

(f) Adequate enclosures to segregate the zone from customs territory for protection of the revenue, together with suitable provisions for ingress and egress of persons, conveyances, vessels, and merchandise;

(g) Such other facilities as may be required by the Board. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 12, 48 Stat. 1001.)

§ 81m. Permission to others to use zone. The grantee may, with the approval of the Board, and under reasonable and uniform regulations for like con-

ditions and circumstances to be prescribed by it, permit other persons, firms, corporations, or associations to erect such buildings and other structures within the zone as will meet their particular requirements: *Provided*, That such permission shall not constitute a vested right as against the United States, nor interfere with the regulation of the grantee or the permittee by the United States, nor interfere with or complicate the revocation of the grant by the United States: *And provided further*, That in the event of the United States or the grantee desiring to acquire the property of the permittee no good will shall be considered as accruing from the privilege granted to the zone: *And provided further*, That such permits shall not be granted on terms that conflict with the public use of the zone as set forth in this chapter. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 13, 48 Stat. 1001.)

§ 81n. Operation of zone as public utility; cost of customs service. Each zone shall be operated as a public utility, and all rates and charges for all services or privileges within the zone shall be fair and reasonable, and the grantee shall afford to all who may apply for the use of the zone and its facilities and appurtenances uniform treatment under like conditions, subject to such treaties or commercial conventions as are now in force or may hereafter be made from time to time by the United States with foreign governments and the cost of maintaining the additional customs service required under this chapter shall be paid by the operator of the zone. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 14, 48 Stat. 1001.)

§ 81o. Residents; rules as to entering and leaving; exclusion of goods; retail trade. (a) No person shall be allowed to reside within the zone except Federal, State, or municipal officers or agents whose resident presence is deemed necessary by the Board.

(b) The Board shall prescribe rules and regulations regarding employees and other persons entering and leaving the zone. All rules and regulations concerning the protection of the revenue shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) The Board may at any time order the exclusion from the zone of any goods or process of treatment that in its judgment is detrimental to the public interest, health, or safety.

(d) No retail trade shall be conducted within the zone except under permits issued by the grantee and approved by the Board. Such permittees shall sell no goods except such domestic or duty-paid or duty-free goods as are brought into the zone from customs territory. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 15, 48 Stat. 1002.)

§ 81p. Accounts; reports of grantee; reports of Board. (a) The form and manner of keeping the accounts of each zone shall be prescribed by the Board.

(b) Each grantee shall make to the Board annually, and at such other times as it may prescribe, reports containing a full statement of all the operations, receipts, and expenditures, and such other information as the Board may require.

(c) The Board shall make a report to Congress on the first day of each regular session containing a summary of the operation and fiscal condition of each zone and transmit therewith copies of the annual report of each grantee. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 16, 48 Stat. 1002.)

§ 81q. Transfer of grant. The grant shall not be sold, conveyed, transferred, set over, or assigned. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 17, 48 Stat. 1002.)

§ 81r. Revocation of grant; grounds; proceedings; appeal to circuit court of appeals. (a) In the event of repeated willful violations of any of the provisions of this chapter by the grantee, the Board may revoke the grant after four months' notice to the grantee and affording it an opportunity to be heard. The testimony taken before the Board shall be reduced to writing and filed in the records of the Board together with the decision reached thereon.

(b) In the conduct of any proceeding under this section for the revocation of a grant the Board may

compel the attendance of witnesses and the giving of testimony and the production of documentary evidence, and for such purpose may invoke the aid of the district courts of the United States.

(c) An order under the provisions of this section revoking the grant issued by the Board shall be final and conclusive, unless within ninety days after its service the grantee appeals to the circuit court of appeals for the circuit in which the zone is located by filing with the clerk of said court a written petition praying that the order of the Board be set aside. Such order shall be stayed pending the disposition of appellate proceedings by the court. The clerk of the court in which such a petition is filed shall immediately cause a copy thereof to be delivered to the Board and it shall forthwith prepare, certify, and file in the court a full and accurate transcript of the record in the proceedings held before it under this section, the charges, the evidence, and the order revoking the grant. The testimony and evidence taken or submitted before the Board, duly certified and filed as a part of the record, shall be considered by the court as the evidence in the case. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 18, 48 Stat. 1002.)

§ 81s. Offenses. In case of a violation of this chapter, or any regulation under this chapter, by the grantee, any officer, agent, or employee thereof responsible for or permitting any such violation shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000. Each day during which a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 19, 48 Stat. 1003.)

§ 81t. Separability of provisions. If any provision of this chapter or the application of such provision to certain circumstances be held invalid, the remainder of the chapter and the application of such provisions to circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 20, 48 Stat. 1003.)

§ 81u. Right to alter, amend, or repeal chapter. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this chapter is hereby reserved. (June 18, 1934, c. 590, § 21, 48 Stat. 1003.)

Chapter 2.—THE TARIFF COMMISSION

- Sec.
- 91. Creation and establishment; organization. [Superseded.]
 - 92. Compensation of commissioners and employees; civil-service rules; expenditures; principal office. [Superseded.]
 - 93. Office of commission at port of New York. [Repealed.]
 - 94. Disbursing clerk. [Repealed.]
 - 95. Seal of commission. [Repealed.]
 - 96. Investigations as to customs. [Superseded.]
 - 97. Information to President and Congress. [Superseded.]
 - 98. Investigating tariff relations with foreign countries. [Superseded.]
 - 99. Cost of production division of Commerce Department transferred to.
 - 100. Documents and copies for investigations; testimony; compelling production of books or papers; freedom of witnesses from prosecution. [Superseded.]
 - 101. Cooperation with other departments.
 - 102. Ascertaining conversion costs and costs of production; selection and description of representative articles; ascertaining import costs and selling prices of selected articles; ascertaining facts showing differences affecting competition. [Repealed.]
 - 103. Powers and privileges of commission. [Repealed.]
 - 104. Same; definitions. [Repealed.]
 - 105. Information not to be divulged; investigation of Paris economy pact and other organizations. [Superseded.]
 - 106. Continuing appropriation.
 - 107. Procuring supplies and services; application of section 5 of Title 41.

Section 91. Creation and establishment; organization. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 700, 39 Stat. 795) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 330, 46 Stat. 696. See section 1330 of this title.

§ 92. Compensation of commissioners and employees; civil-service rules; expenditures; principal office. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 701, 39 Stat. 795) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 331, 46 Stat. 697. See section 1331 (a)–(e) of this title.

§ 93. Office of commission at port of New York. [Repealed.]

This section (Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318d, 42 Stat. 947) was repealed by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 651 (a) (1), 46 Stat. 762. See section 1331 (f) of this title.

§ 94. Disbursing clerk. The disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department shall act in a similar capacity for the commission. (July 19, 1919, c. 24, § 1, 41 Stat. 182.)

§ 95. Seal of commission. [Repealed.]

This section (Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318 (e), 42 Stat. 947) was repealed by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 651 (a) (1), 46 Stat. 762. See section 1331 (g) of this title.

§ 96. Investigations as to customs. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 702, 39 Stat. 796) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 332, 46 Stat. 698. See section 1332 (a) of this title.

§ 97. Information to President and Congress. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 703, 39 Stat. 796) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 332, 46 Stat. 698. See section 1332 (g) of this title.

§ 98. Investigating tariff relations with foreign countries. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 704, 39 Stat. 796) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 332, 46 Stat. 698. See section 1332 (b) of this title.

§ 99. Cost of production division of Commerce Department transferred to. The clerks and employees of the cost of production division in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in the Department of Commerce heretofore transferred to said commission shall be clerks and employees of the commission, and all records, papers, and property of the said division and of the former tariff board shall be records, papers, and property of the commission. (Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 705, 39 Stat. 796.)

§ 100. Documents and copies for investigations; testimony; compelling production of books or papers; freedom of witnesses from prosecution. [Superseded.]

This section (Act Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 706, 39 Stat. 797; Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318 (f), 42 Stat. 947) has been superseded by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title III, § 333, 46 Stat. 699. See section 1333 (a)–(e) of this title.

§ 101. Cooperation with other departments. The United States Tariff Commission shall in appropriate matters act in conjunction and cooperation with the Treasury Department, the Department of Commerce, the Federal Trade Commission, or any other departments, or independent establishments of the Government, and such departments and independent establishments of the Government shall cooperate fully with the commission for the purposes of aiding and assisting in its work, and, when directed by the President shall furnish to the commission, on its request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating to any of the subjects of investigation by said commission and shall detail, from time to time, such officials and employees to said commission as he may direct. (Sept. 8, 1916, c. 463, § 707, 39 Stat. 797.)

§ 102. Ascertaining conversion costs and costs of production; selection and description of representative articles; ascertaining import costs and selling prices of selected articles; ascertaining facts showing differences affecting competition. [Repealed.]

This section (Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318(a), 42 Stat. 946), was repealed by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 651 (a) (1), 46 Stat. 762. See section 1332 (d) of this title.

§ 103. Powers and privileges of commission. [Repealed.]

This section (Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318 (c), 42 Stat. 947) was repealed by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 651 (a) (1), 46 Stat. 762.

§ 104. Same; definitions. [Repealed.]

This section (Act Sept. 21, 1922, c. 356, Title III, § 318 (b), 42 Stat. 947) was repealed by Act June 17, 1930, c. 497, Title IV, § 651 (a) (1), 46 Stat. 762. See section 1332 (e) of this title.